

# **Dual N-Channel 40-V (D-S) MOSFET**

PRODUCT SUMMARY					
V <sub>DS</sub> (V)	$R_{DS(on)}(\Omega)$	I <sub>D</sub> (A) <sup>a</sup>	Q <sub>g</sub> (Typ.)		
40	0.010 at V <sub>GS</sub> = 10 V	12	5.9 nC		
	0.015 at V <sub>GS</sub> = 4.5 V	10	5.8110		

 $D_1$   $D_1$   $D_2$   $D_2$ 

SO-8

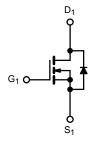
Top View

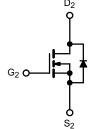
#### **FEATURES**

- · Halogen-free
- TrenchFET® Power MOSFET
- Optimized for High-Side Synchronous Rectifier Operation
- 100 % R<sub>g</sub> Tested
- 100 % UIS Tested

#### **APPLICATIONS**

- Notebook CPU Core
  - High-Side Switch





N-Channel MOSFET

- 55 to 150

N-Channel MOSFET

°C

Parameter	Symbol	Limit	Unit		
Drain-Source Voltage	V <sub>DS</sub>	40	V		
Gate-Source Voltage		V <sub>GS</sub>		± 20	
	T <sub>C</sub> = 25 °C		12		
Continuous Drain Current (T <sub>.1</sub> = 150 °C)	T <sub>C</sub> = 70 °C	1-	10		
Continuous Drain Current (1) = 150 °C)	T <sub>A</sub> = 25 °C	I <sub>D</sub>	10 <sup>b, c</sup>		
	T <sub>A</sub> = 70 °C		8 <sup>b, c</sup>	A	
Pulsed Drain Current	I <sub>DM</sub>	45			
Continuous Source-Drain Diode Current	T <sub>C</sub> = 25 °C	la .	3.2		
Continuous Source-Drain Diode Current	T <sub>A</sub> = 25 °C	ls —	1.6 <sup>b, c</sup>		
Single Pulse Avalanche Current	L = 0.1 mH	I <sub>AS</sub>	17		
Avalanche Energy	L = 0.111111	E <sub>AS</sub>	21	mJ	
	T <sub>C</sub> = 25 °C		4.1		
Maximum Power Dissipation	$T_C = 70  ^{\circ}C$	P <sub>D</sub>	2.5	w	
Maximum Power Dissipation	T <sub>A</sub> = 25 °C	' D	2.1 <sup>b, c</sup>		
	T <sub>∧</sub> = 70 °C		1 ab, c		

THERMAL RESISTANCE RATINGS						
Parameter		Symbol	Typical	Maximum	Unit	
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient <sup>b, d</sup>	t ≤ 10 s	R <sub>thJA</sub>	39	53	°C/W	
Maximum Junction-to-Foot (Drain)	Steady State	R <sub>thJF</sub>	25	29	C/VV	

#### Notes:

- a. Base on  $T_C = 25$  °C.
- b. Surface Mounted on 1" x 1" FR4 board.
- c. t = 10 s.
- d. Maximum under Steady State conditions is 85 °C/W.

Operating Junction and Storage Temperature Range



Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Static	-					
Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	V <sub>DS</sub>	$V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}, I_D = 250 \mu\text{A}$	40			V
V <sub>DS</sub> Temperature Coefficient	$\Delta V_{DS}/T_{J}$	√T. <sub>1</sub>		28		m\//°C
V <sub>GS(th)</sub> Temperature Coefficient	$\Delta V_{GS(th)}/T_{J}$	I <sub>D</sub> = 250 μA		- 6		mV/°C
Gate-Source Threshold Voltage	V <sub>GS(th)</sub>	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_{D} = 250 \mu A$	1.2		2.5	V
Gate-Source Leakage	I <sub>GSS</sub>	$V_{DS} = 0 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = \pm 20 \text{ V}$			± 100	nA
Zana Oata Valta va Basia Oamaat		V <sub>DS</sub> = 40 V, V <sub>GS</sub> = 0 V			1	μA
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	I <sub>DSS</sub>	V <sub>DS</sub> = 40 V, V <sub>GS</sub> = 0 V, T <sub>J</sub> = 55 °C			10	
On-State Drain Current <sup>a</sup>	I <sub>D(on)</sub>	$V_{DS} \ge 5 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}$	20			Α
	В	V <sub>GS</sub> = 10 V, I <sub>D</sub> = 10 A		0.010		Ω
Drain-Source On-State Resistance <sup>a</sup>	R <sub>DS(on)</sub>	$V_{GS} = 4.5 \text{ V}, I_D = 9 \text{ A}$		0.015		
Forward Transconductance <sup>a</sup>	9 <sub>fs</sub>	V <sub>DS</sub> = 15 V, I <sub>D</sub> = 10 A		52		S
Dynamic <sup>b</sup>				·	•	
Input Capacitance	C <sub>iss</sub>			641		pF
Output Capacitance	C <sub>oss</sub>	$V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}, f = 1 \text{ MHz}$		175		
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	C <sub>rss</sub>			73		
Total Gate Charge	Q <sub>q</sub>	V <sub>DS</sub> = 15 V, V <sub>GS</sub> = 10 V, I <sub>D</sub> = 10 A		15	23	
Total Gate Charge	Ů			5.9	10.2	nC
Gate-Source Charge	$Q_{gs}$	$V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 5 \text{ V}, I_{D} = 10 \text{ A}$		2.5		
Gate-Drain Charge	$Q_{gd}$			2.3		
Gate Resistance	$R_g$	f = 1 MHz	0.36	1.8	3.6	Ω
Turn-On Delay Time	t <sub>d(on)</sub>			16	24	
Rise Time	t <sub>r</sub>	$V_{DD}$ = 15 V, $R_L$ = 1.4 $\Omega$		12	18	
Turn-Off Delay Time	t <sub>d(off)</sub>	$I_D \cong 9 \text{ A}, V_{GEN} = 4.5 \text{ V}, R_g = 1 \Omega$		16	24	
Fall Time	t <sub>f</sub>			10	20	ns
Turn-On Delay Time	t <sub>d(on)</sub>			8	16	
Rise Time	t <sub>r</sub>	$V_{DD}$ = 15 V, $R_L$ = 1.4 $\Omega$		10	20	
Turn-Off Delay Time	t <sub>d(off)</sub>	$I_D \cong 9 \text{ A}, V_{GEN} = 10 \text{ V}, R_g = 1 \Omega$		16	24	
Fall Time	t <sub>f</sub>			8	15	
<b>Drain-Source Body Diode Characteris</b>	tics					
Continuous Source-Drain Diode Current	I <sub>S</sub>	T <sub>C</sub> = 25 °C			17	A
Pulse Diode Forward Current <sup>a</sup>	I <sub>SM</sub>				45	
Body Diode Voltage	V <sub>SD</sub>	I <sub>S</sub> = 9 A		0.8	1.2	V
Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	t <sub>rr</sub>			15	30	ns
Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	Q <sub>rr</sub>	I <sub>F</sub> = 9 A, dl/dt = 100 A/μs, T <sub>J</sub> = 25 °C		6	12	nC
Reverse Recovery Fall Time	t <sub>a</sub>	1 <sub>F</sub> = 0 /1, αι/αι = 100 /ν μο, 1 <sub>J</sub> = 20 0		8		ns
Reverse Recovery Rise Time	t <sub>b</sub>			7	]	

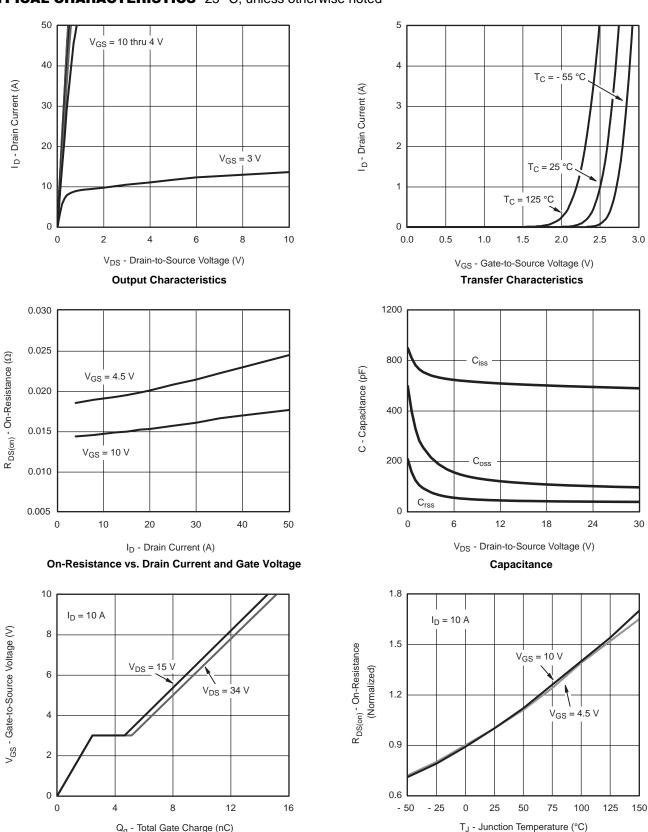
- a. Pulse test; pulse width  $\leq$  300 µs, duty cycle  $\leq$  2 %. b. Guaranteed by design, not subject to production testing.

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.



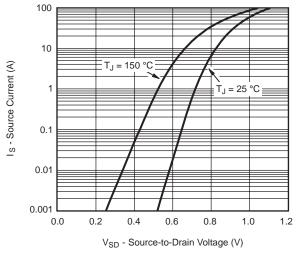
Q<sub>q</sub> - Total Gate Charge (nC)

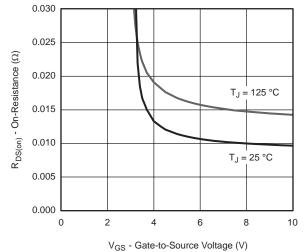
**Gate Charge** 



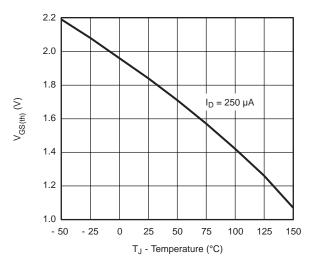
On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature



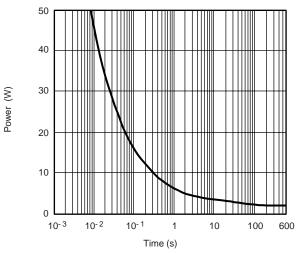




#### Source-Drain Diode Forward Voltage

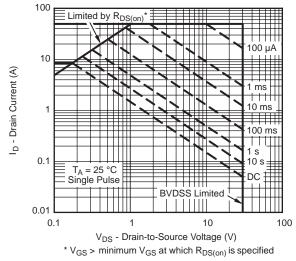


On-Resistance vs. Gate-to-Source Voltage



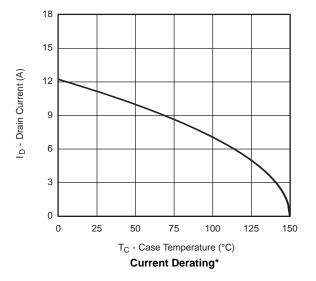
**Threshold Voltage** 

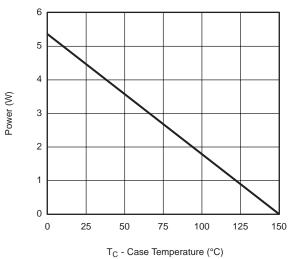
Single Pulse Power, Junction-to-Ambient

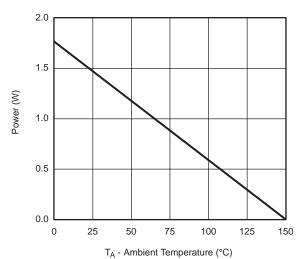


Safe Operating Area, Junction-to-Ambient







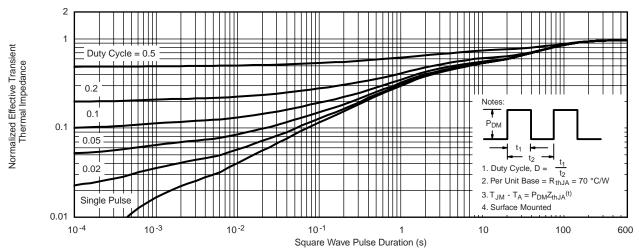


Power Derating, Junction-to-Foot

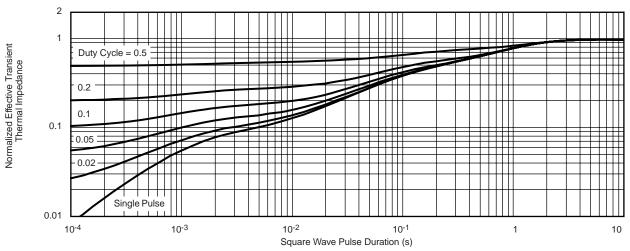
Power Derating, Junction-to-Ambient

<sup>\*</sup> The power dissipation  $P_D$  is based on  $T_{J(max)} = 150$  °C, using junction-to-case thermal resistance, and is more useful in settling the upper dissipation limit for cases where additional heatsinking is used. It is used to determine the current rating, when this rating falls below the package limit.





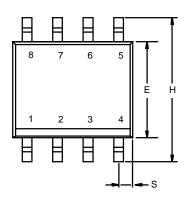
Normalized Thermal Transient Impedance, Junction-to-Ambient



Normalized Thermal Transient Impedance, Junction-to-Foot



SOIC (NARROW): 8-LEAD JEDEC Part Number: MS-012







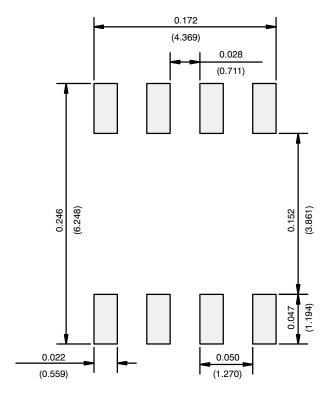
	MILLIM	IETERS	INC	HES	
DIM	Min	Max	Min	Max	
Α	1.35	1.75	0.053	0.069	
A <sub>1</sub>	0.10	0.20	0.004	0.008	
В	0.35	0.51	0.014	0.020	
С	0.19	0.25	0.0075	0.010	
D	4.80	5.00	0.189	0.196	
E	3.80	4.00	0.150	0.157	
е	1.27 BSC		0.050 BSC		
Н	5.80	6.20	0.228	0.244	
h	0.25	0.50	0.010	0.020	
L	0.50	0.93	0.020	0.037	
q	0°	8°	0°	8°	
S	0.44	0.64	0.018	0.026	
FCN: C-06527-Rev I 11-Sen-06					

ECN: C-06527-Rev. I, 11-Sep-06

DWG: 5498



### **RECOMMENDED MINIMUM PADS FOR SO-8**



Recommended Minimum Pads Dimensions in Inches/(mm)



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